Your Son Lives... Lives... Lives

John H. Niemelä at Crosspoint Community Church, Centennial, CO, on June 14, 2016

Introduction

REVIEW: Signs

John arranges his Gospel around eight signs:

20³⁰ Jesus actually performed many other <u>miraculous signs</u> in the presence of His disciples, which are not written in this book. ³¹ But these [<u>eight signs</u>] are written so that **you may believe** that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God, and that by believing, **you may have life** in His Name. (Logos 21 Version: *Living Water*)

A. John 1-12 Has Seven Witnessed Signs (each more persuasive than those before it):

Sign 1: Water to Wine (speaks in 2:7-8)	[2:1-11]
Sign 2: Heal Official's Son from Afar (speaks in 4:50)	[4:46-54]
Sign 3: Heal Man who Was Lame 38 Years (speaks in 5:8)	[5:1-15]
Sign 4: Feed 5,000 Men plus women/children (speaks in 6:10-11)	[6:1-14]
Sign 5: Walk on water + Teleport to Capernaum (speaks in 6:20)	[6:15-21]
Sign 6: Heal Man Born Blind (speaks in 9:7)	[9:1-12]
Sign 7: Raise Lazarus (speaks in 11:4: cf. "Didn't I tell vou" in 11:40)	[11:1-44]

B. John 13-21 Has One Supreme Sign that is Predicted and Confirmed.

- B-1. The Prediction of the Supreme Sign: (John 2:18-19, 21)
- B-2. The Supreme Sign: The Cross and Resurrection (John 19–20)
- **B-3. Four Confirmations of the Supreme Sign**

Confirmatory Appearance to Mary Magdalene (John 20:11-18) Confirmatory Appearance to Ten Disciples: (John 20:19-23) Confirmatory Appearance to Eleven Disciples: (John 20:24-29) Confirmatory Appearance to Seven Disciples: 21:1-14)

NEW EXPOSITION: John 4:43-54

Background:

Jesus' ministry in the Judean Wilderness eclipsed John the Baptist (3:22; 4:1f)

This upset John the Baptist's disciples	(3:26)
This brought unwanted attention from the Pharisees	(4:1 <i>f</i>)
This caused Jesus to travel north to Galilee via Samaria	(4:3f)

After ministering two days in Samaria, Jesus went to Galilee (4:43)

Jesus had left Judea (4:3f) for Galilee because a prophet lacks honor in his homeland (4:44) Where is Jesus' homeland? Throughout John's Gospel, people assume that it is Galilee.
Jesus regarded His homeland as Judea; but (even more to the point) He is from above and was sent by the Father.
Galileans received Him, since they saw all [the signs] He did in Jerusalem at Passover (4:45) Note the wording: Galileans saw all that He did in Jerusalem What did they see? Signs (John 2:23; 3:2)
What does John mean when he speaks of seeing a sign? Cf. John 6:26.
Galileans who believed during the Passover feast in Jerusalem welcomed Him.
Jesus was at Cana of Galilee where He had made water wine (4:46a)
A Herodian official came to Cana from Capernaum, because Jesus was there (4:46b) The road from Capernaum to Cana climbs about 500 feet over thirty miles This is about a one-day horseback ride.
The official was Jewish, based on Jesus' answer in 4:48. He was not a Roman.
How did He know that Jesus was in Cana of Galilee?

The royal official begged Jesus to heal his dying son (4:47)

Jesus matter-of-factly acknowledged that Jews needed signs (4:48)

This is not a rebuke. Jesus only those who rejected one sign, while seeking another

The purpose statement (John 20:30-31) views signs positively.

Deuteronomy 18 says that Isreal would verify the Prophet like Moses via his signs.

The royal official said, "Lord, come down before my child dies!" (4:49)

Lord? or Sir?

Jesus told him, "Go your way, your son lives." (4:50a)

This is the first of three times that this idea appears in the passage.

The word *live* is vital to understanding John's Gospel.

The man believed Jesus' word and left (4:50b)

The verb $pisteu\bar{o}$ (believe) expects content (speech) spoken by someone. Thus, the verb may have:

- 1. no stated objects (as in 4:53),
- 2. a stated content object with the speaker of the content implicit (as in 4:50),
- 3. a stated personal (speaker) object with the content implicit (as in 5:24),
- 4. both a personal and a content object (as in 4:21).

The royal official asked when his son started recovering (4:52a) The word used refers to the starting point of recovery
What did the man believe in 4:50?
Is this the so-called head faith? Or is there a better explanation?
His servants told him that the fever vanished at 1:00 the day before (4:52b) Galileans told time starting at daybreak.
The father knew that the healing took place right when Jesus said, "Your son lives" (4:53a)
The father and his whole household believed (4:53b)
This was the second sign Jesus did after coming out of Judea into Galilee (4:54) Note the purpose statement again.
John records signs after Jesus started accumulating disciples
John 21:24
CONCLUSION

On his way down, the man's servants met him, saying "Your son lives." (4:51)